

Harish-Chandra Research Institute, Allahabad, INDIA

February 24, 2015

Outline

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- **Introduction**

- Quantum Biology**

- Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis**

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- **Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO) Complex**

 - Dynamical Model

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- **Quantum Correlation Measures**

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- **Results**

 - Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

 - Classification of Chromophore Sites

 - Detection of Energy Transfer Route

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- **Results**

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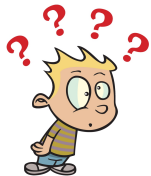
- **Conclusions**

Introduction

Quantum Biology

Introduction

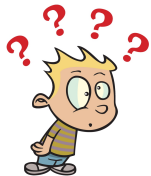
Quantum Biology



Biology!!!!

Introduction

Quantum Biology



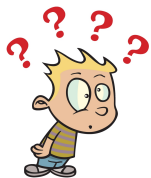
Biology!!!!

But it has a “Quantum” part too!!!!



Introduction

Quantum Biology



Biology!!!!

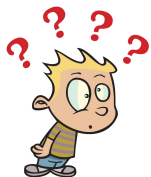
But it has a “Quantum” part too!!!!



Biological process \Rightarrow combinations of chemical processes \Rightarrow inherently quantum.

Introduction

Quantum Biology



Biology!!!!

But it has a “Quantum” part too!!!!



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What is “Quantum Biology”?

Introduction

Quantum Biology

- “Biology” part : Deals in complex biological systems (macroscopic).

Introduction

Quantum Biology

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- “Quantum” part :

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Quantum Biology

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 - ✓ Can these biological systems use quantum mechanics to perform a task that cannot be done classically?

Introduction

Quantum Biology

- “Biology” part : Deals in complex biological systems (**macroscopic**).
- “Quantum” part :
 - ✓ Can these biological systems use quantum mechanics to perform a task that cannot be done classically?
 - ✓ Is that task more efficient than the best classical one?

Introduction

Quantum Biology

Introduction

Quantum Biology

Main directions of quantum biology:

1. Quantum coherent energy transport in photosynthesis.
2. Avian magnetoreception.
3. Several others.

Introduction

Quantum Biology

Main directions of quantum biology:

1. **Quantum coherent energy transport in photosynthesis.**
2. **Avian magnetoreception.**
3. **Several others.**

For details see: Lambert *et al.*, Nature Physics (2012)

Introduction

Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

Introduction

Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

 Photons are absorbed by light-harvesting antennas as electronic excitations.

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Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

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- ☞ **The excitation transport:** Antenna → Reaction center.

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Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

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- ☞ The precise biological structures vary between organisms.

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Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

- ☞ Photons are absorbed by light-harvesting antennas as electronic excitations.
- ☞ **The excitation transport:** Antenna → Reaction center.
- ☞ The precise biological structures vary between organisms.
- ☞ **Most well-studied example** → The light-harvesting apparatus of **green-sulphur bacteria** (**Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO)** complex).

Introduction

Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

 **FMO** complex mediates the excitation transport.

Introduction

Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

👉 **FMO** complex mediates the excitation transport.

👉 Efficient excitation transport can not be explained by classical models.

Quantum models proposed.

Caruso *et al.*, JCP (2009); Mohseni *et al.*, JCP (2008).

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Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

👉 **FMO** complex mediates the excitation transport.

👉 Efficient excitation transport can not be explained by classical models.

Quantum models proposed.

Caruso *et al.*, JCP (2009); Mohseni *et al.*, JCP (2008).

👉 Presence of quantum coherence over appreciable length and time scales.

Even at room temperature.

Engel *et al.*, Nature (2007); Fleming *et al.*, Science (2010).

Introduction

Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis



What is the role of quantum correlation?

Introduction

Quantum Coherent Energy Transport in Photosynthesis

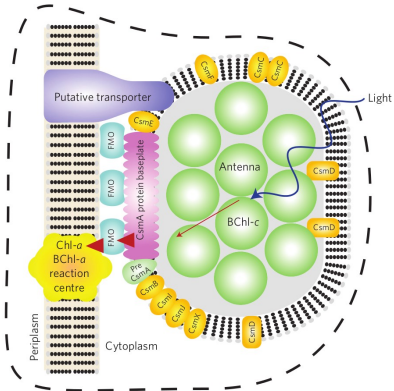


What is the role of “**multipartite**” quantum correlation?

Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO) Complex

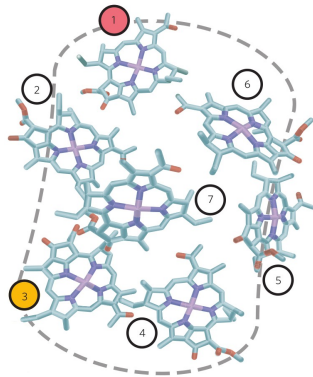
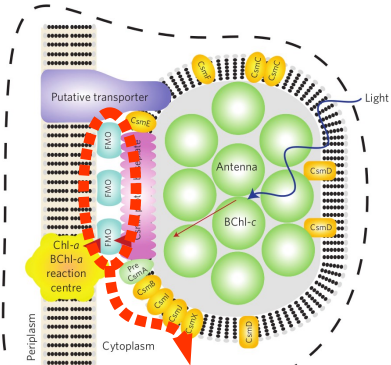
Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO) Complex

- A water soluble pigment-protein complex (PPC), appears in green sulfur bacteria.



Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO) Complex

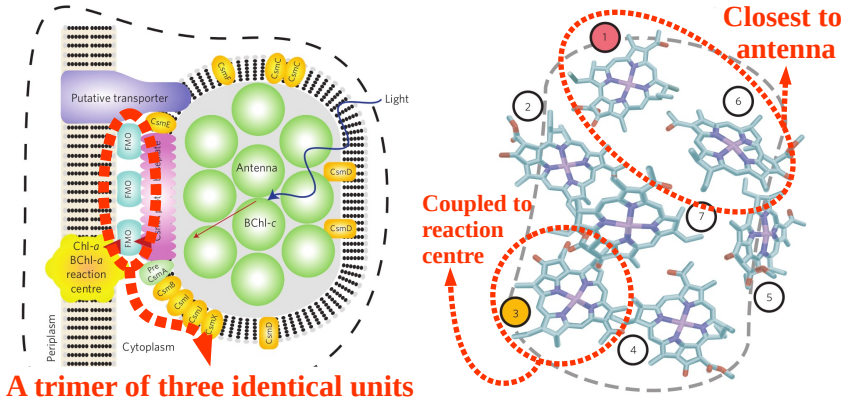
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A trimer of three identical units

Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO) Complex

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Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO) Complex

Dynamical Model

Fenna-Matthews-Olson (FMO) Complex

Dynamical Model

- For coherent evolution of FMO complex :

$$H = \sum_{j=1}^7 \hbar \omega_j \sigma_j^+ \sigma_j^- + \sum_{\substack{i,j=1 \\ i \neq j}}^7 \hbar V_{ij} (\sigma_i^+ \sigma_j^- + \sigma_j^+ \sigma_i^-)$$

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- The matrix form (in units of cm^{-1}):

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 215 & -104.1 & 5.1 & -4.3 & 4.7 & -15.1 & -7.8 \\ -104.1 & 220 & 32.6 & 7.1 & 5.4 & 8.3 & 0.8 \\ 5.1 & 32.6 & 0 & -46.8 & 1.0 & -8.1 & 5.1 \\ -4.3 & 7.1 & -46.8 & 125 & -70.7 & -14.7 & -61.5 \\ 4.7 & 5.4 & 1.0 & -70.7 & 450 & 89.7 & -2.5 \\ -15.1 & 8.3 & -8.1 & -14.7 & 89.7 & 330 & 32.7 \\ -7.8 & 0.8 & 5.1 & -61.5 & -2.5 & 32.7 & 280 \end{pmatrix}.$$

J. Adolphs and T. Renger, Biophysical Journal (2006)

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- For the dissipation of excitons to environment:

$$\mathcal{L}_{diss}(\rho) = \sum_{j=1}^7 \Gamma_j \left[2\sigma_j^- \rho \sigma_j^+ - \{\sigma_j^+ \sigma_j^-, \rho\} \right]$$

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$$\Gamma_j = \Gamma_{diss} = 1/(2 \times 188) \text{ cm}^{-1}.$$

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$$\gamma_j = \{0.157, 9.432, 7.797, 9.432, 7.797, 0.922, 9.433\} \text{ ps}^{-1}.$$

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- To couple “preferred” site 3 to *sink* (site 8) by an irreversible decay process:

$$\mathcal{L}_{sink}(\rho) = \Gamma_8 [2\sigma_8^+ \sigma_3^- \rho \sigma_3^+ \sigma_8^- - \{\sigma_3^+ \sigma_8^- \sigma_8^+ \sigma_3^-, \rho\}]$$

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$$\Gamma_8 = 62.8/1.88 \text{ cm}^{-1}.$$

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$$\dot{\rho} = -i[H, \rho] + \mathcal{L}_{diss} + \mathcal{L}_{deph} + \mathcal{L}_{sink}$$

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Quantum Correlation Measures

Quantum Correlation Measures



What is the role of “**multipartite**” quantum correlation?

Quantum Correlation Measures



What is the role of “multipartite” quantum correlation?

Motivation: Multipartite quantum correlations capture global perspective of the entire system.

Quantum Correlation Measures

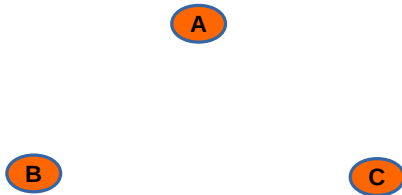
- **Problem** → **Unavailability of computable multipartite measures.**

Quantum Correlation Measures

- **Problem** → Unavailability of computable multipartite measures.
- **Solution** → Concept of monogamy.

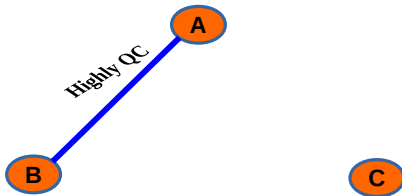
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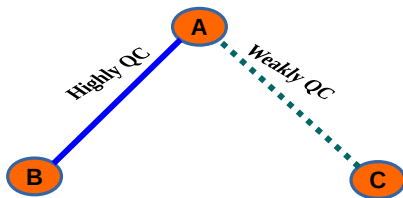
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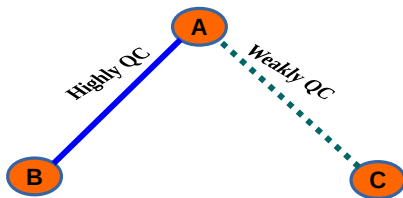
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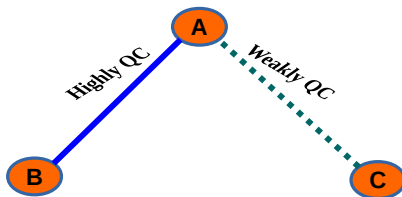
If \mathcal{Q} is monogamous,

$$\mathcal{Q}(\rho_{A:BC}) \geq \mathcal{Q}(\rho_{A:B}) + \mathcal{Q}(\rho_{A:C})$$

Coffman, Kundu, Wootters, PRA (2000)

Quantum Correlation Measures

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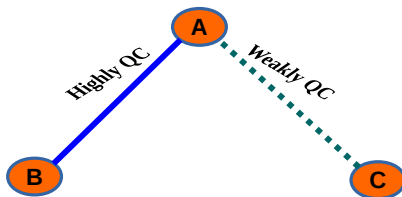


3 party case \Rightarrow Monogamy score of \mathcal{Q} :

$$\delta \mathcal{Q}_A = \mathcal{Q}_{A:BC} - (\mathcal{Q}_{A:B} + \mathcal{Q}_{A:C})$$

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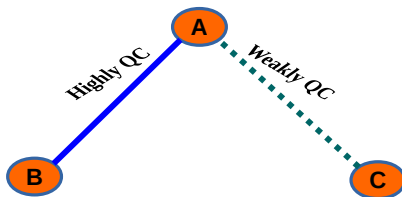


N party case \Rightarrow Monogamy score of Q :

$$\delta Q_i = Q(\rho_{i:R}) - \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^N Q(\rho_{j:i})$$

Quantum Correlation Measures

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N party case \Rightarrow Monogamy score of \mathcal{Q} :

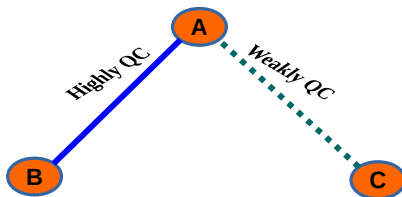
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Prabhu *et al.*, PRA (2012)

For details: Asutosh Kumar's talk

Quantum Correlation Measures

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Monogamy scores for negativity (N) and quantum discord (D).

Quantum Correlation Measures

Negativity \rightarrow absolute sum of the negative eigenvalues of the partial transposed state.

Quantum Correlation Measures

Negativity \rightarrow absolute sum of the negative eigenvalues of the partial transposed state.

Quantum Discord \rightarrow $D_{A:B} \equiv D(\rho_{A:B}) = \mathcal{I}(\rho_{AB}) - \mathcal{J}(\rho_{AB})$

$\mathcal{I}(\rho_{AB}) = S(\rho_A) + S(\rho_B) - S(\rho_{AB}) \leftarrow$ Quantum mutual information, measure of total correlation

$\mathcal{J}(\rho_{AB}) = \text{Max}[S(\rho_B) - S(\rho_{B|A})] \leftarrow$ Measure of classical correlation

$S(\rho_{B|A}) = \sum p_i S((\Pi_i \otimes I)\rho_{AB}(\Pi_i \otimes I)/p_i) \leftarrow$ Quantum conditional entropy

Quantum Correlation Measures

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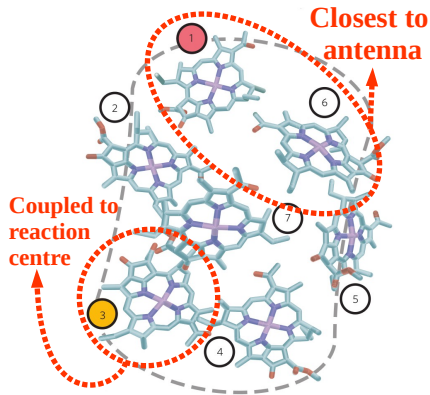
Now back to the FMO complex

Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

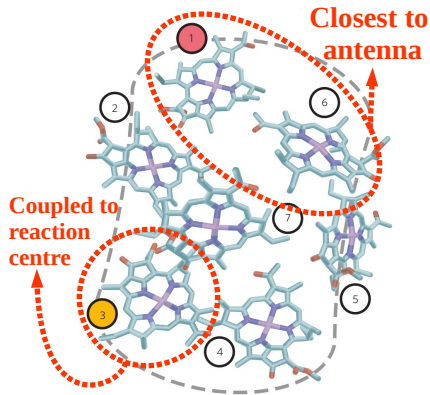
Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures



Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures



Set initial state:

1. $|1\rangle \langle 1|$
2. $|6\rangle \langle 6|$
3. $(|1\rangle \langle 1| + |6\rangle \langle 6|)/2.$

Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Steps:

Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Steps:

1. Choose one initial state. E.g. $|1\rangle\langle 1|$.

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Steps:

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Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

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3. Calculate δQ_i , $Q_{i:R}$ and Q_{R_i} throughout the dynamics.

Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Steps:

1. Choose one initial state. E.g. $|1\rangle\langle 1|$.
2. Evolve the state according to master equation.
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⇒ We can classify the results into three groups.

Results

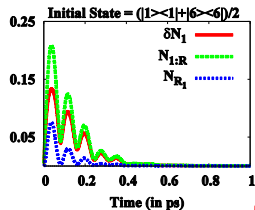
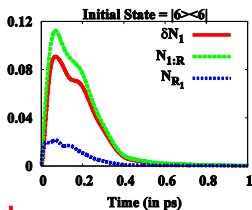
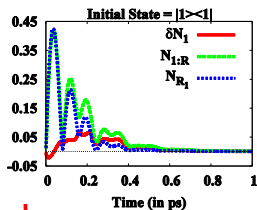
Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Sites 1 and 2 as nodal observers

Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Sites 1 and 2 as nodal observers



$\delta N_i < N_{R_i} ; t < 0.2$ ps
 $\delta N_i > N_{R_i} ;$ otherwise

$\delta N_i > N_{R_i}$

Results

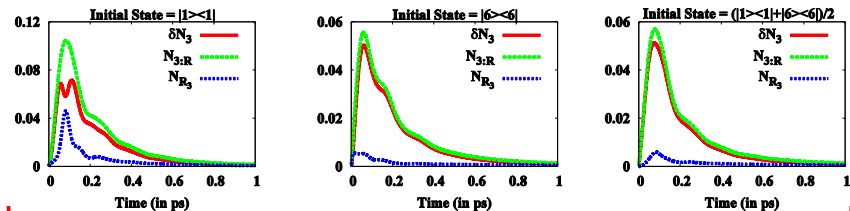
Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Sites 3, 4 and 7 as nodal observers

Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Sites 3, 4 and 7 as nodal observers



$$\delta N_i > N_{R_i}$$

Results

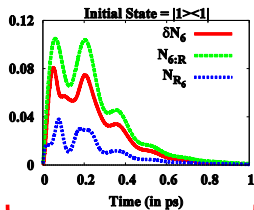
Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

Sites 5 and 6 as nodal observers

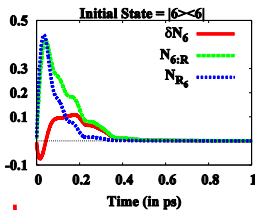
Results

Dynamics of Multipartite QC Measures

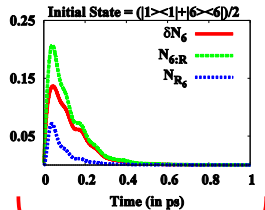
Sites 5 and 6 as nodal observers



$$\delta N_i > N_{R_i}$$



$$\delta N_i < N_{R_i}; t < 0.14 \text{ ps}$$
$$\delta N_i > N_{R_i}; \text{ otherwise}$$



$$\delta N_i > N_{R_i}$$

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Classification of Chromophore Sites

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Based on the observation:

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Based on the observation:

- **Group I:** Sites 1 and 2.
- **Group II:** Sites 5 and 6.
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Can we predict the structure of FMO complex?

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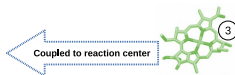
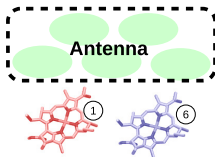
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Known: Sites 1 and 6 closest to antenna, site 3 coupled to reaction center.

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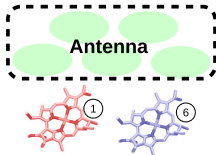
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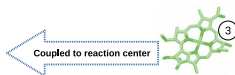
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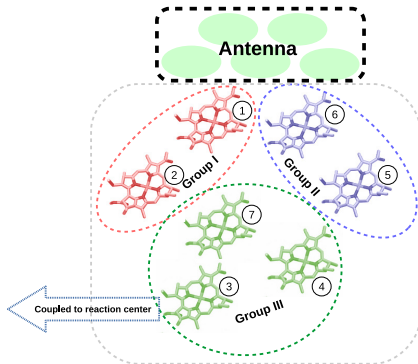


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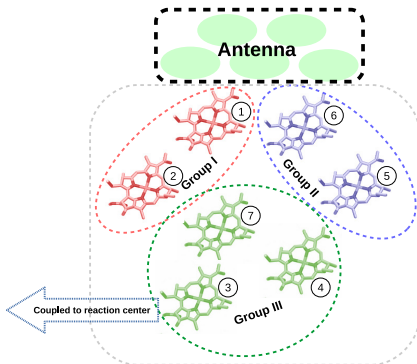


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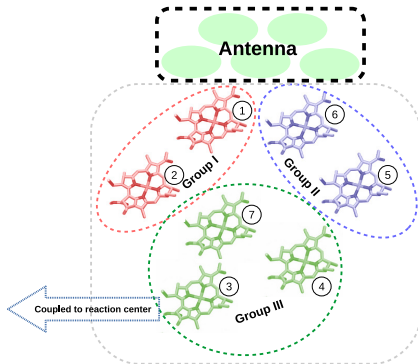
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Can we predict the structure of FMO complex? YES!!

Take-Home Message : Multiparty QC measures infer structural geometry of the system.

Results

Detection of Energy Transfer Route

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Can we detect energy transfer route in FMO complex?



Results

Detection of Energy Transfer Route

Procedure :

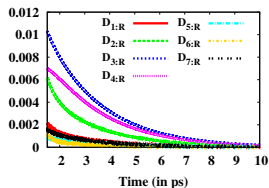
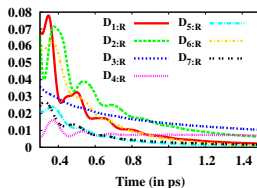
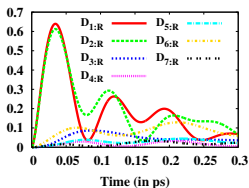
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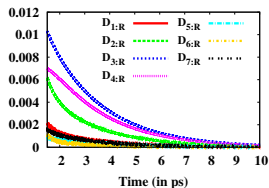
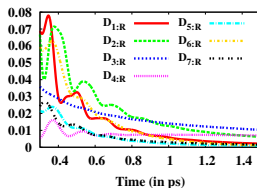
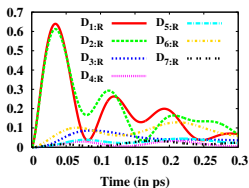


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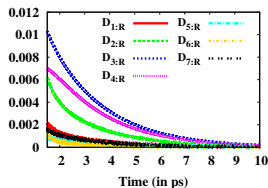
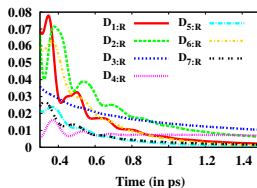
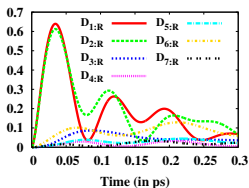
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- **Inference** \Rightarrow Primary energy transfer route: $1 \leftrightarrow 2 \leftrightarrow 3 \leftrightarrow 4$.

Results

Detection of Energy Transfer Route

Similarly when the initial excitation is at site 6, we infer...

Primary energy transfer route: $6 \leftrightarrow 5 \leftrightarrow 4 \leftrightarrow 3$.

Results

Detection of Energy Transfer Route

Can we detect energy transfer route in FMO complex?



Results

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Can we detect energy transfer route in FMO complex?

Yes!!! The primary one.

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Note : Other QC measures can also detect the route.

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 \Rightarrow Structural arrangements of different sites.
5. Primary energy transfer pathways detected by dynamics of multipartite quantum correlations.

Collaborators



Ref : TC, Utkarsh Mishra, Aditi Sen(De), Ujjwal Sen, arXiv:1412.6519 [quant-ph]



Thank You!!!